

Neutral hydrogen absorption at milliarcsecond resolutions:- The radio galaxy 3C 293

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Overview

1. Overview of the radio galaxy 3C293
2. Summary of observational results
 - Lower resolution VLA & MERLIN observations
 - HST/MERLIN observations of the jet
 - Combined VLBI, MERLIN & VLA observations of HI absorption & radio jet

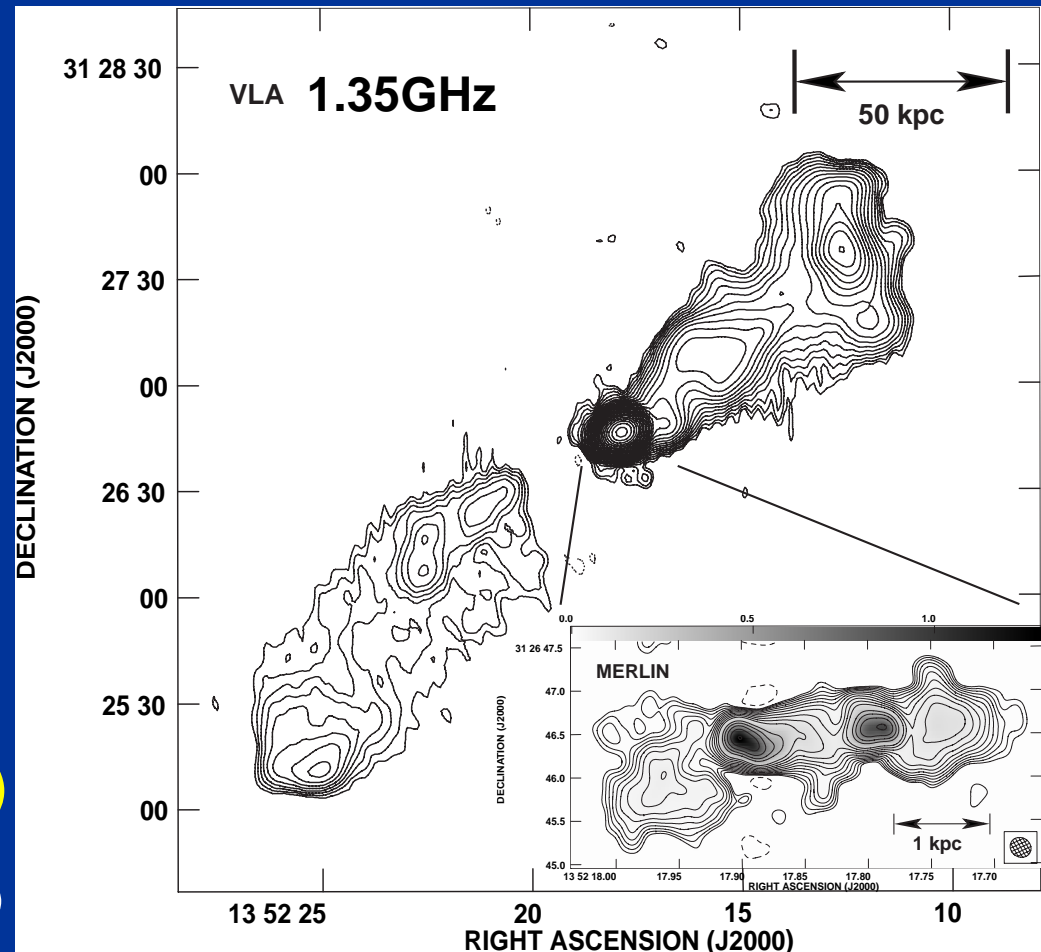
Introduction & Observations

- **3C293**
 - Nearby Radio galaxy ($D=180\text{Mpc}$; implies $1'' = 815\text{pc}$)
 - Significant signs of merger (dust lanes, a nearby companion galaxy)
 - Significant gas content (CO, Evans et al 1999 & H_I)
 - Fast gas outflows (Morganti et al 2003)
 - Large scale radio jets/lobes
 - Steep spectrum core
- **Observations**
 - Radio: 1.4 GHz VLA, MERLIN & Global VLBI, 5GHz MERLIN continuum (JET & H_I absorption)
 - Optical/IR : HST, NICMOS. (IR Jet)

Large to intermediate scale jets

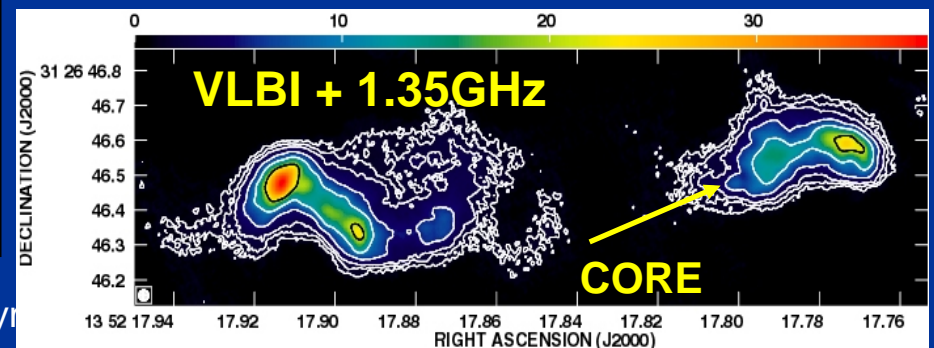
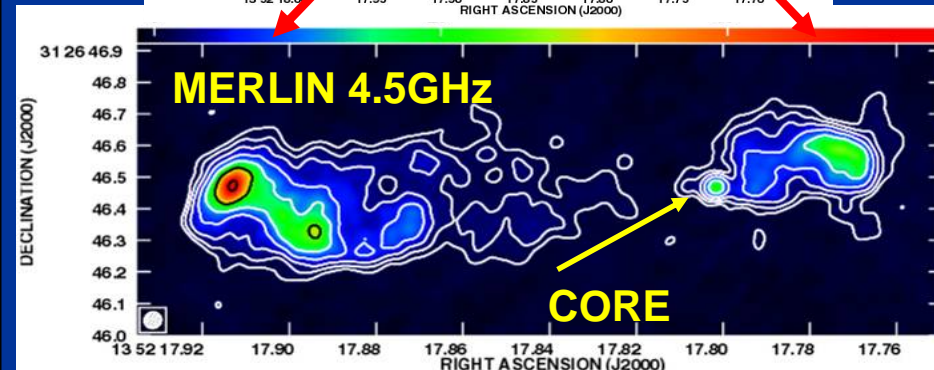
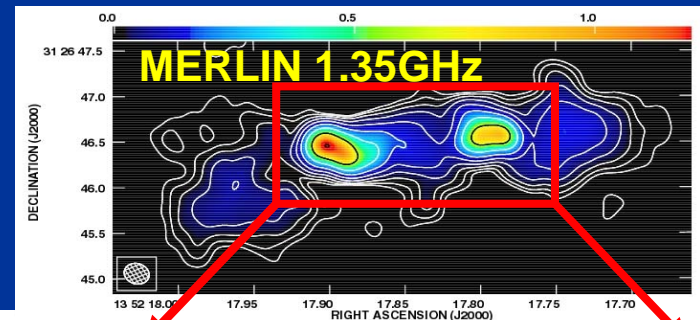
- VLA B-config 1.35GHz
- Double ~100kpc scale jet
- Bright central core region
- Inner jet PA ~90 degrees
(Significant change
compared to large scale jet)

(Beswick et al 2004)



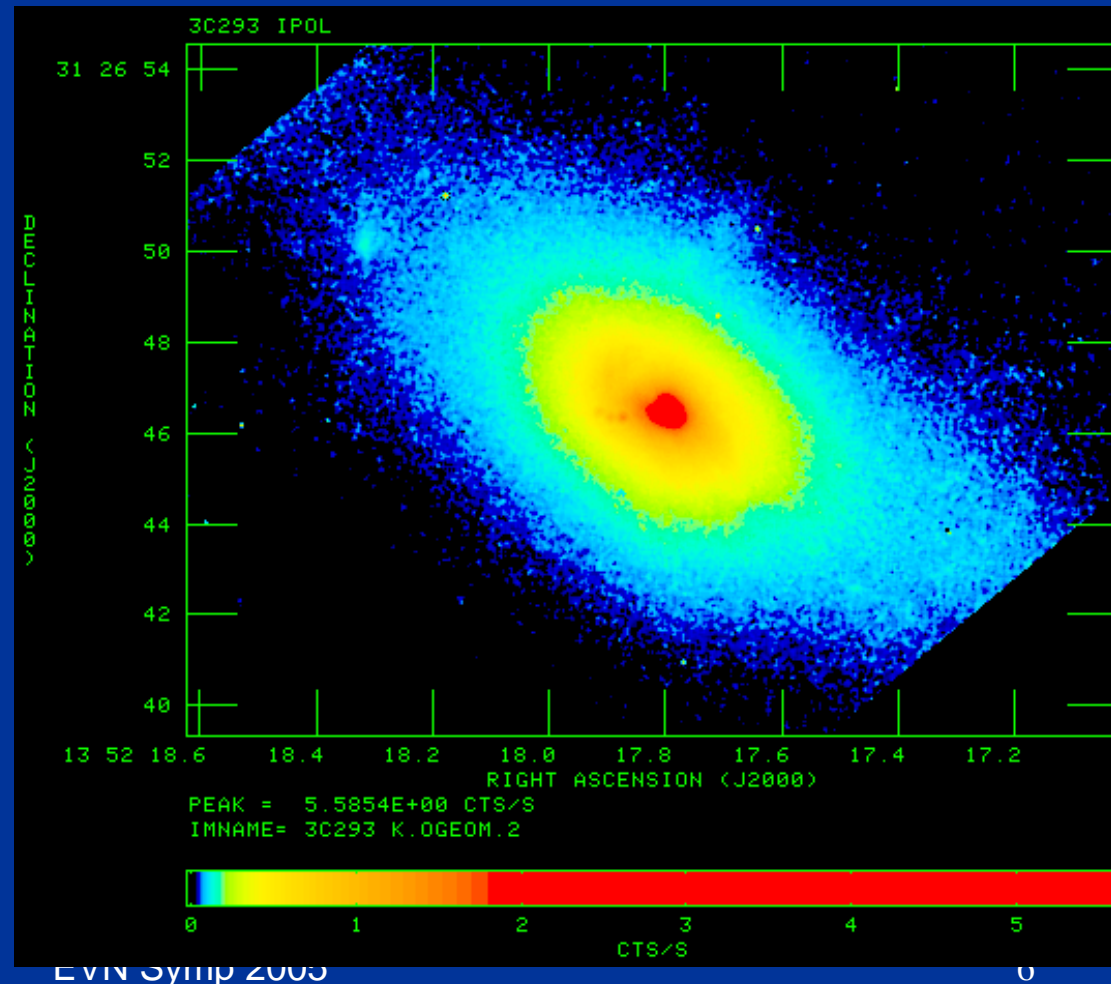
The inner jet

- At sub-arcsec angular resolutions the inner central few kiloparsec radio jet breaks into multiple components along an east-west orientation.
 - Steeply inverted spectrum of core
 - $\alpha \sim -1$ (Akujor et al 1996)
 - Fitted core size < 17 pc

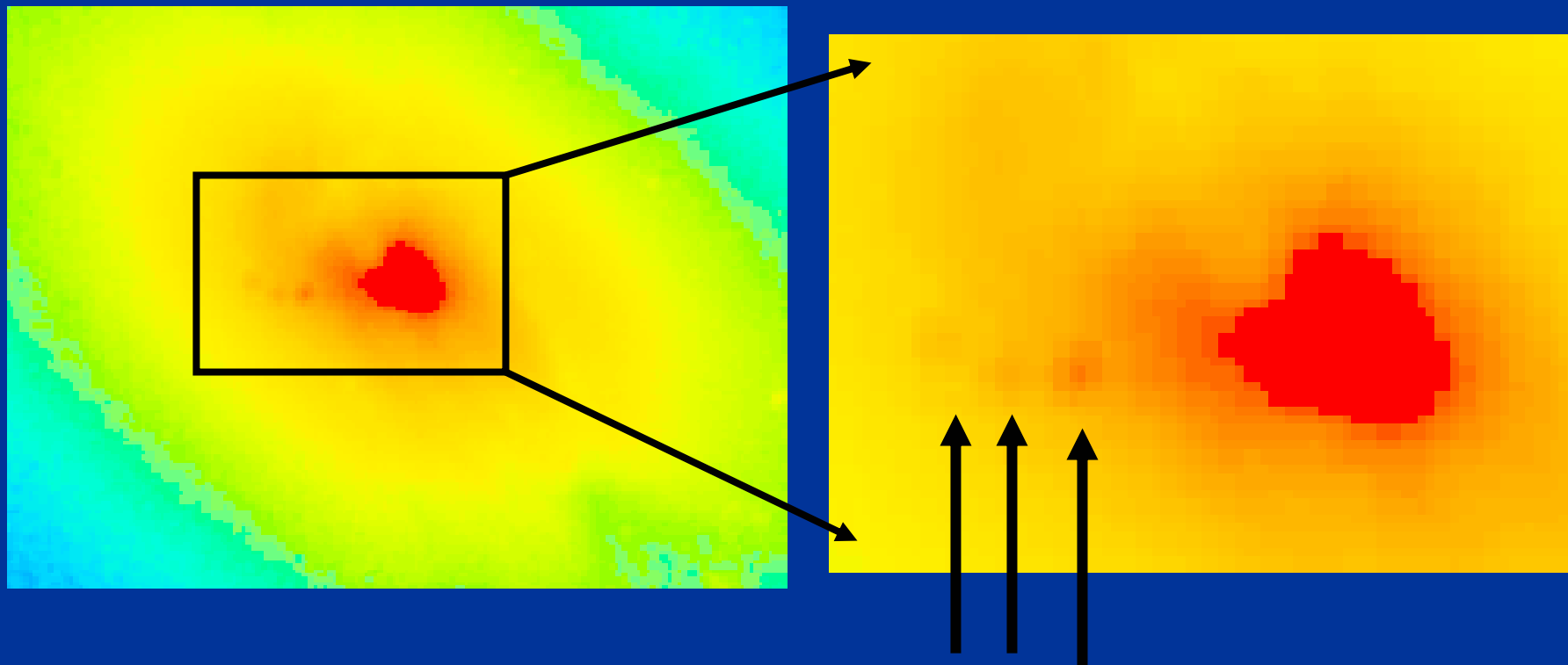


Infrared jet (1)

- HST imaging of the centre of 3C293 at $1.6\mu\text{m}$ reveals a string of knots of emission coincident with the knots observed in the radio emission

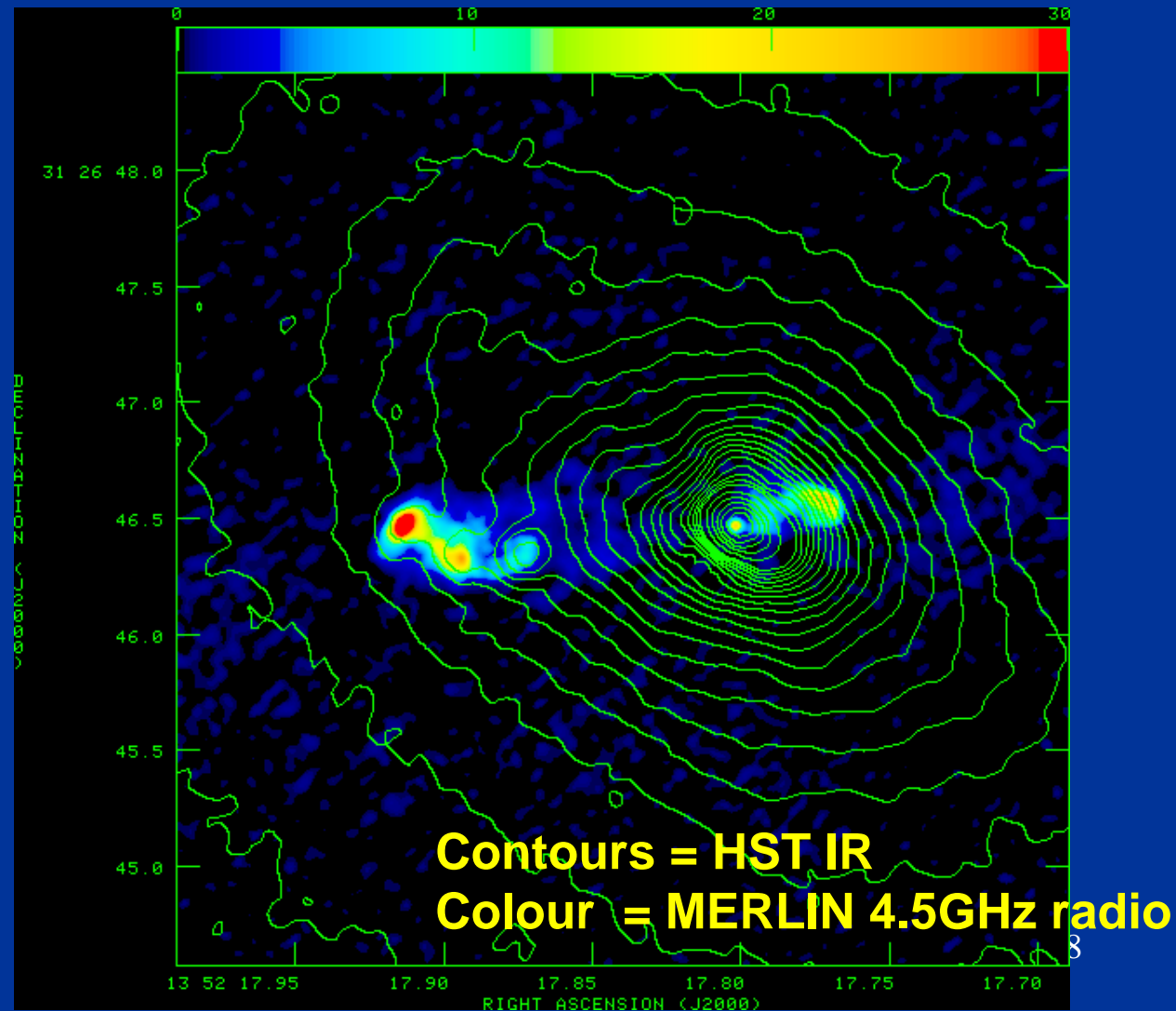


Infrared jet (2)



Infrared Jet

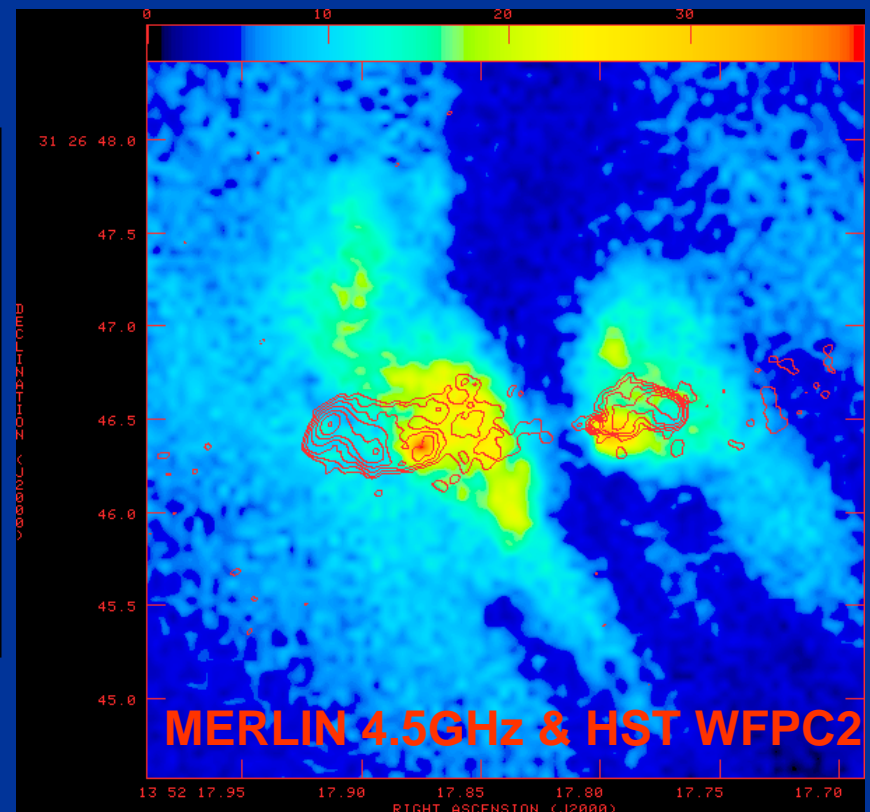
- Approaching eastern
- Shows weak optical/IR jet emission coincident with the inner radio jet components



14th October 2004

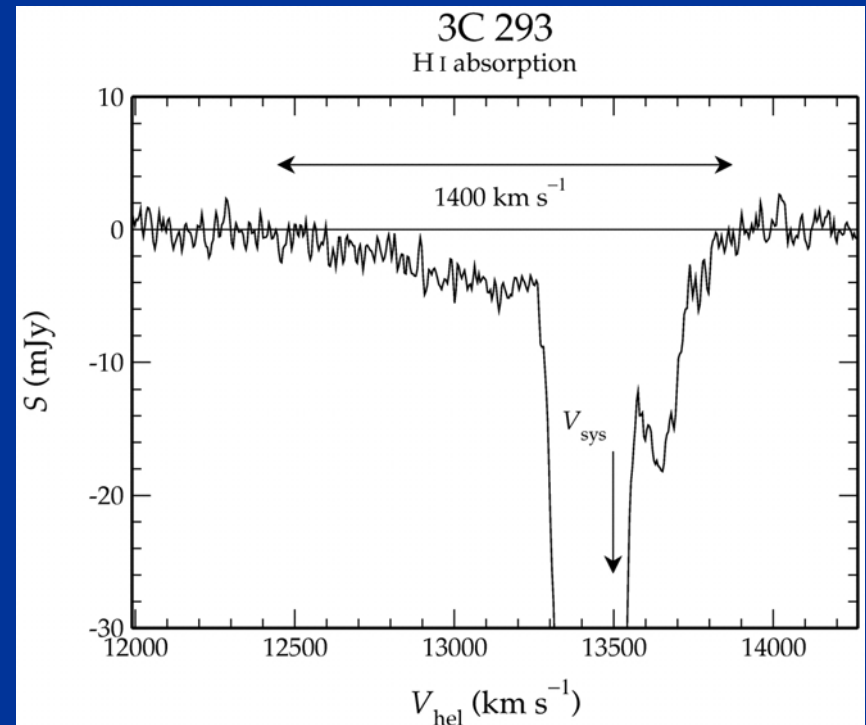
The neutral ISM

- 3C293 is a very distorted and dust rich radio galaxy
- Extensive ~NE-SW dust lanes



H I absorption

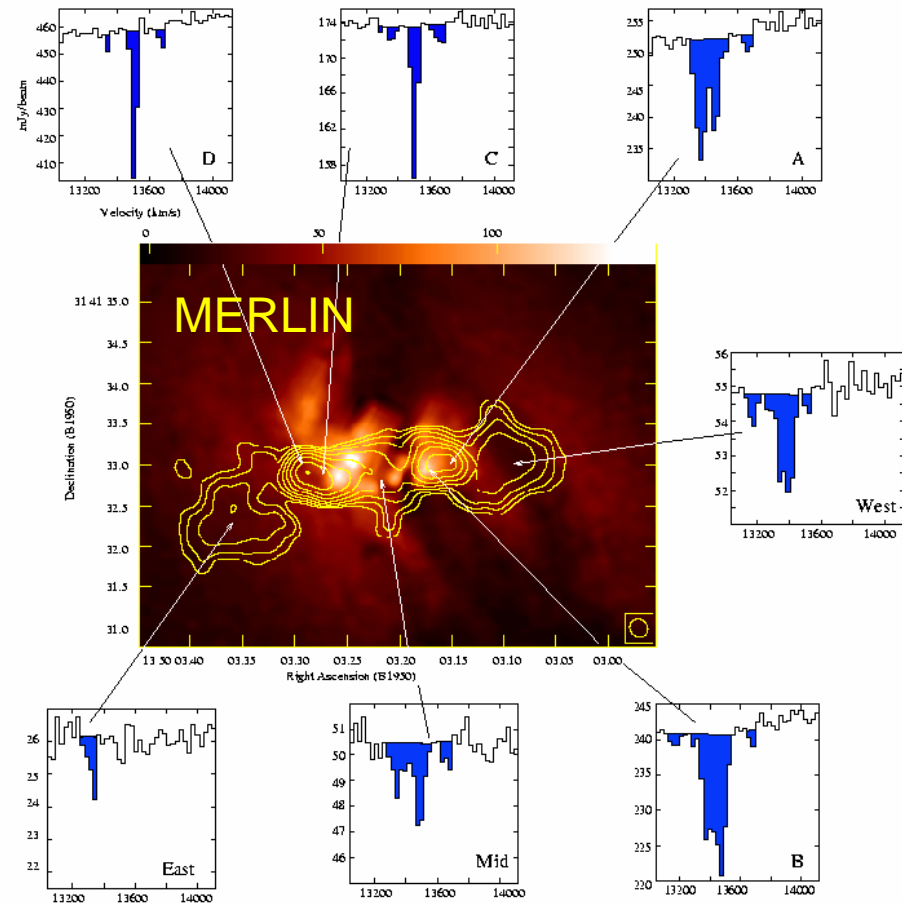
- Very broad & deep H I absorption seen in sensitive WSRT observations.
- Outflows Jet-ISM interactions....
Toward the inner eastern jet??



(Morganti et al 2003)

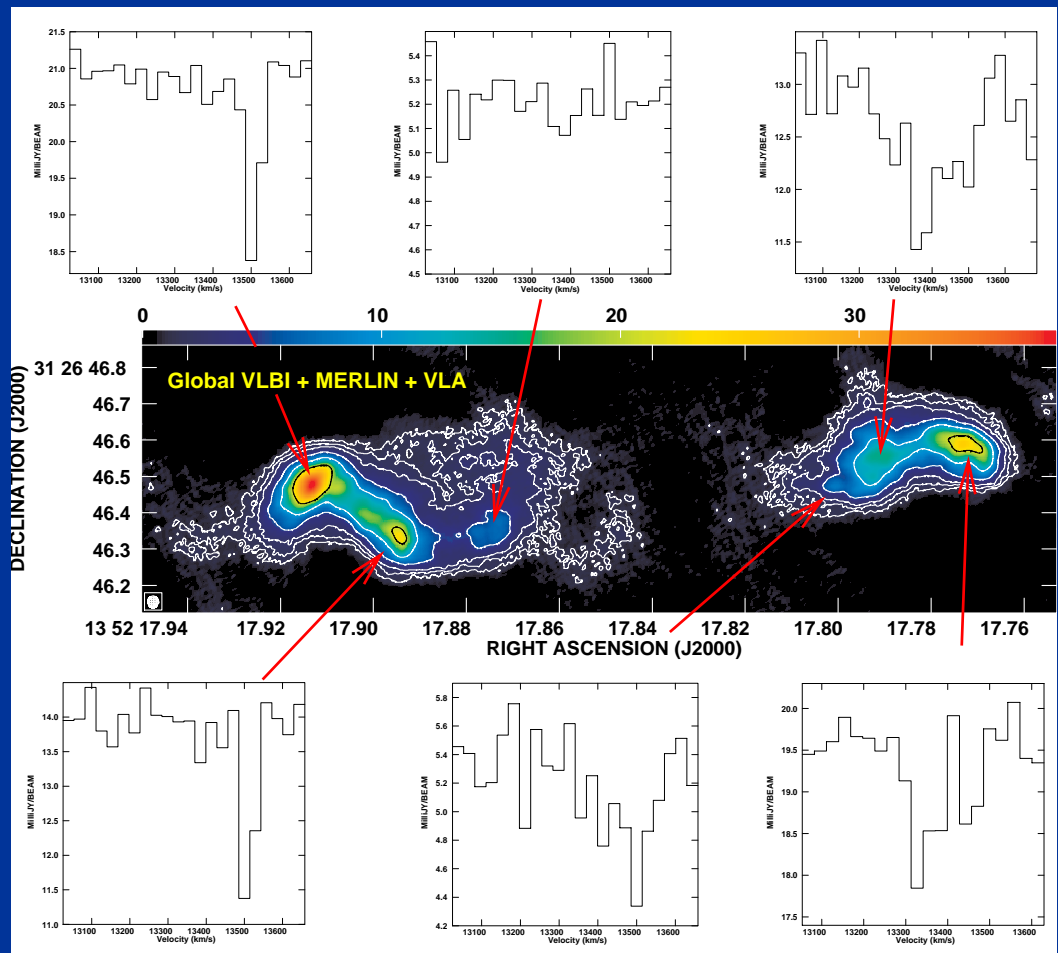
H I Absorption

- Extensive MERLIN H I absorption
- Eastern side :-
Narrow absorption
- Western side :-
broad(er) absorption
- Opacities $\sim 0.01 \rightarrow 0.2$
- $N_{\text{H}} \sim 10^{21} \text{ atoms}^{-1} \text{cm}^{-2}$



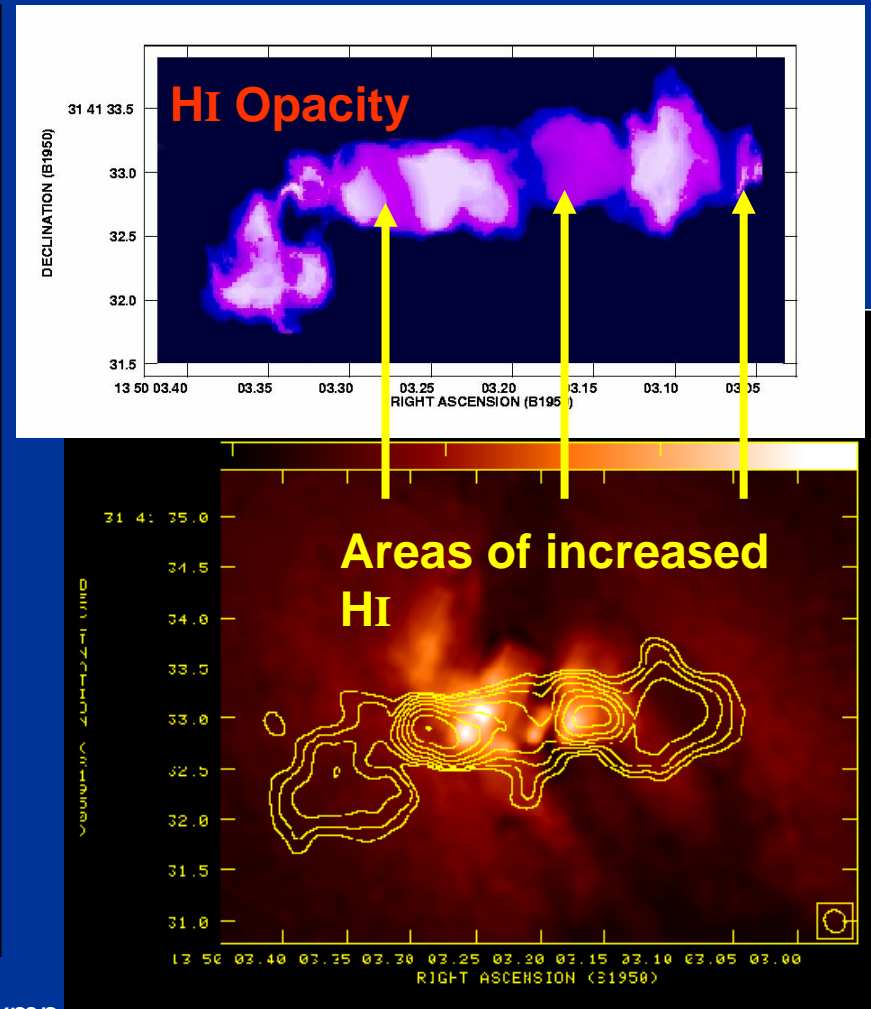
H1 absorption with VLBI

• Combined VLBI & MERLIN & VLA observations result in an increase in resolution of a factor of ~ 10 (to 30mas) whilst preserving lower order interferometric spacings



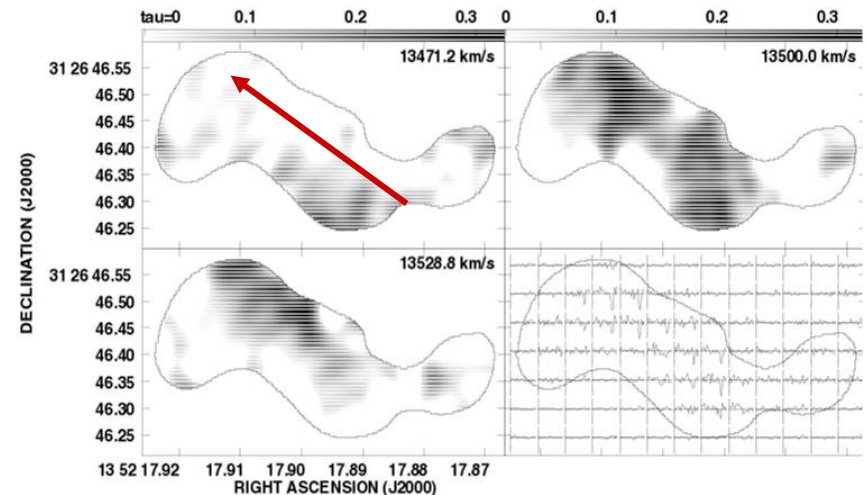
HI distribution

- The dust distribution is strongly correlated with areas of increased HI opacity.
 - Dust and Neutral gas spatially related
 - In particular the narrow HI absorption traces the dust lanes



Narrow absorption

- At mas angular resolution the velocity structure of the narrow component is resolved against the eastern jet.
 - Small velocity gradient
 - Gas and dust rotating in the out reaches of the source.
 - $VG \sim 50 \text{ km s}^{-1} \text{ arcsec}^{-1}$

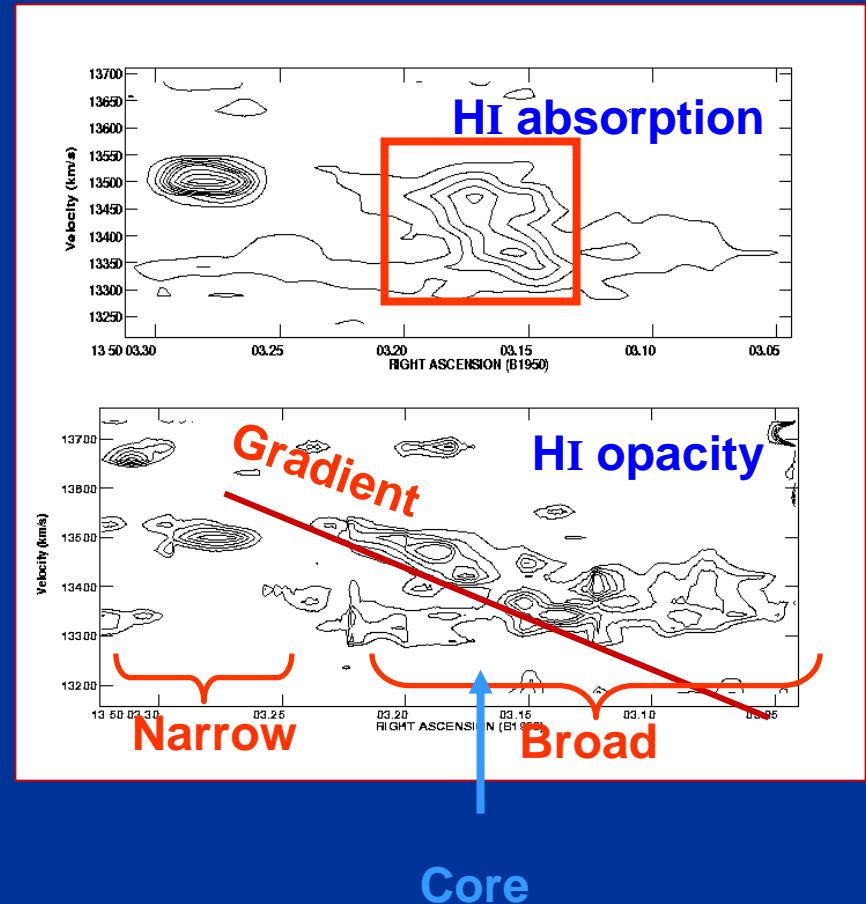


Position-Velocity

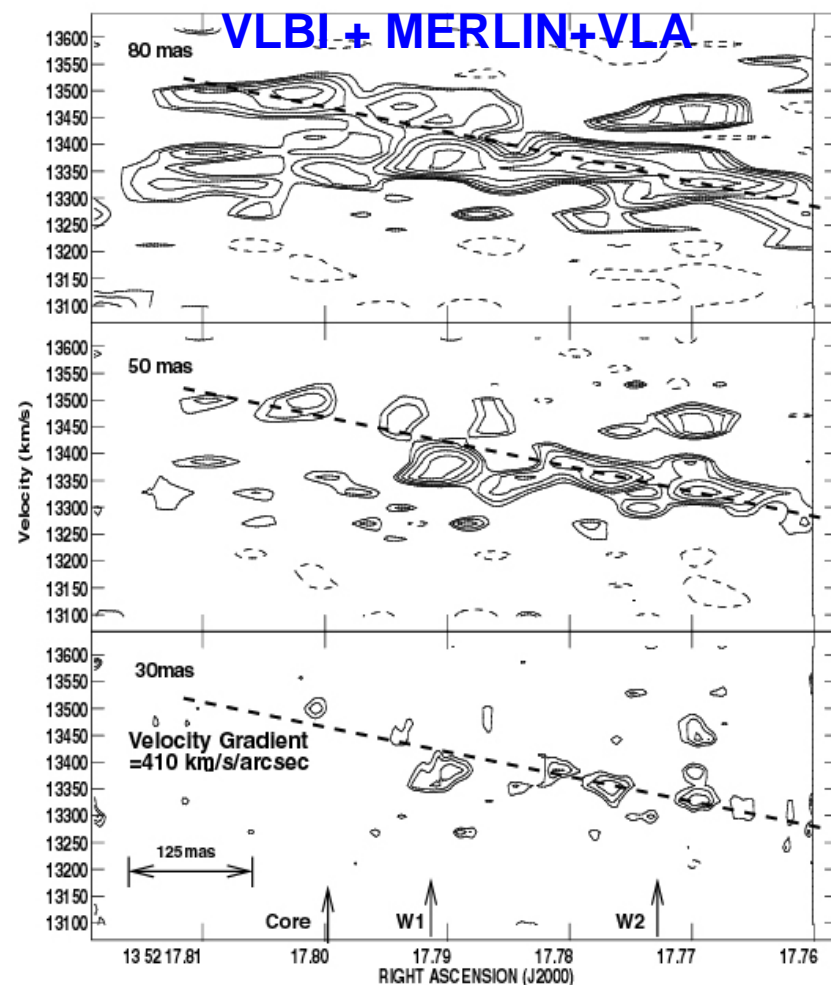
- On ~ 200 mas angular scales. Velocity gradient centred upon the core(?)
- Or two distinct velocity structures (??)

- On ~ 200 mas angular scales. Velocity gradient centred upon the core(?)
- Implying a rotating gas in the central kpc.
- Or two distinct velocity structures (??)
- Possibly not associated?
- blue shifted components related to outflow?

MERLIN – 200mas angular resolution



- However stepping up the resolution the absorption breaks up many composite components.
 - Lack of illuminating background continuum



Conclusions

- 3C293 is both an unusual and enigmatic radio galaxy.
- Steeply inverted radio core
- Radio/IR jet
 - Large PA shifts in the radio jet alignment
 - Jet interaction with the ISM and/or multiple outbursts of activity (- interaction induced??)
- Extensive HI absorption
 - Deep nuclear absorption ($N_{\text{H}} \sim 10^{21}$ atoms cm^{-2})
 - Narrow absorption is strongly correlated with the dust distribution
 - Broad absorption toward the core and western jet
 - Possible velocity gradient in lower resolution data. Implies central mass $< 10^9$ solar masses ($r < \text{few hundred parsecs}$)
 - At mas resolution gradient breaks up – can be interpreted as independent gas structures.
 - Do not have sensitivity or bandwidth to confirm location of broad HI outflows